

Coastal Habitat Restoration in New Hampshire

Ted Diers and Jen Drociak NH Coastal Program



Overview

Part I:

- What Is A Saltmarsh?
- Functions & Values of Saltmarshes

Part II:

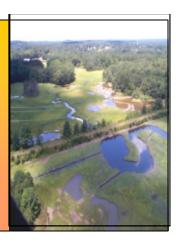
- Saltmarsh Restoration Issues
 & Remediation
- NH Salt Marsh Restoration Status

Part III:

- · Case Studies
- · Restoration Monitoring
- River Restoration

Part I:

- What Is A Saltmarsh?
- Functions & Values of Saltmarshes



What Is A Saltmarsh?

National Wetlands Inventory Definition:

"Flooded persistent emergent wetland"

Ecological definition:

"Salt marshes are intertidal areas, vegetated by grasses and other salt tolerant plants, collectively called halophytes."



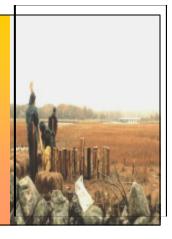
Functions & Values of Saltmarsh Ecosystems

- Nursury Area for Fish, Crustacea & Insects
- Protection Against Waves & Sea Level Rise
- Mosquito Control
- Invasive Species Control
- Maintain Classic NH Scenery



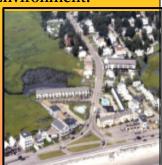
Part II:

- How Have Threatened This Environment? (Issues & Examples)
- How Do We Restore A Saltmarsh?



How Have Humans Threatened This Environment?

- Tidal Restrictions (Improper Culvert Size)
- Ditching & Draining (Mid 1800's WPA Projects)
- Fill on the Marsh (Dredge Spoils)
- Stormwater Inflow (Freshwater Runoff & Ponding)
- Invasive Species (Phragmites, Narrow-Leaf Cattail, Purple Loosestrife)





Example:

Tidal Restrictions

Hampton Marshes, Hampton



Ditching & Draining

Hampton Marshes, Hampton



Example:

Fill on the Marsh

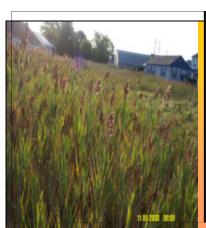
Awcomin Marsh, Rye



Stormwater Inflow

Parson's Creek, Rye





Example:

Invasive Species

Hampton



How Do We Restore A Marsh?

- Remove Tidal Restrictions
- Ditch Plugging & Pool/Panne Creation
- Remove Fill
- Perimeter Ditches to Remove Stormwater

Removal of Tidal Restrictions

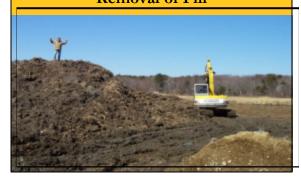


Ditch Plugging & Pool/Panne Creation

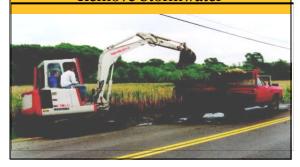




Removal of Fill



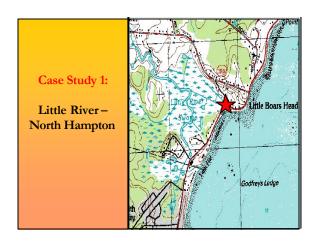
Perimeter Ditches to Remove Stormwater

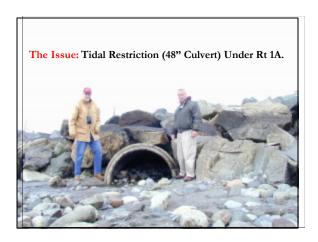


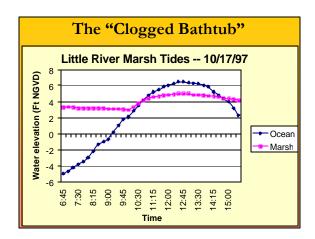
Part III:

- NH Saltmarsh Restoration Status in NH
- Case Studies: Awcomin Marsh, Little River, Pickering Creek
- Other Projects in Planning or Underway
- Other Restoration Projects
- Saltmarsh Monitoring in NH

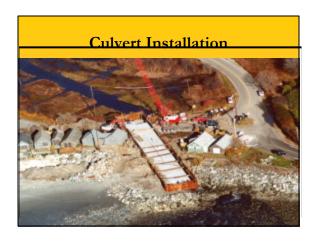














Solution 3: Open Water Habitat Creation



Little River Project Timeline

1790 - Locals petition NH Legislature to dig "Trunk"

1948 - The 48" culvert is installed at trunk outlet

1960s - Local landowner begins to preserve marshland

1990s - Studies on marsh and support for change

1996 – 500 year rain storm wrecks havoc

1998 - Communities support USACE Section 22 study

1999 - Design and monitoring begin

1999 – Appledore culvert is replaced

2000 (Sep. – Dec.) – Main culvert replacement

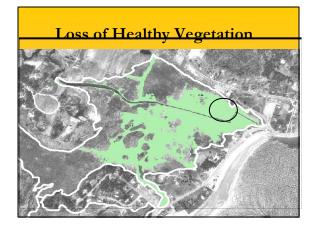
2001 - Post -restoration monitoring begins

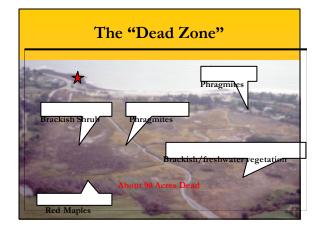
2002 (Summer) - Attack of the killer mosquitoes

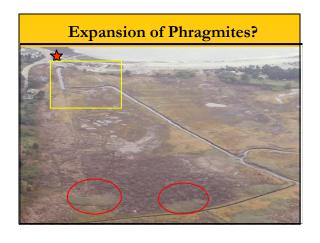
Unintended Consequences

- Erosion at Mouth & Creation of Beach on the Inside of the Marsh
- Loss of Healthy Saltmarsh Vegetation
- Expansion of *Phragmites*?
- Mosquitoes



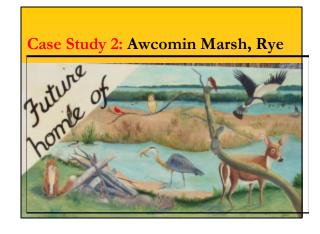


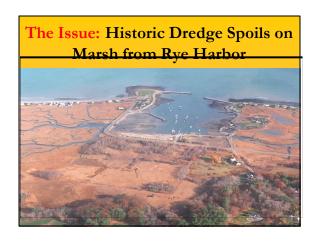


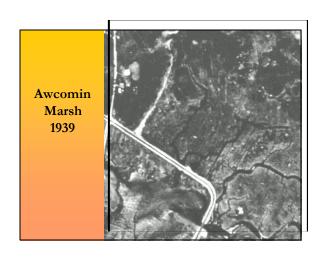


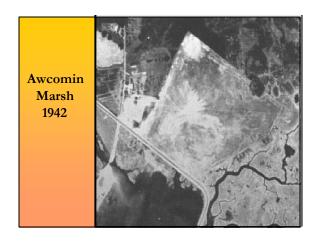


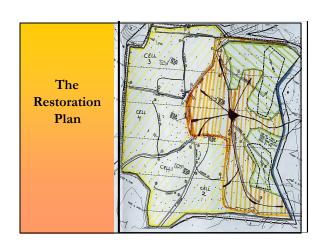




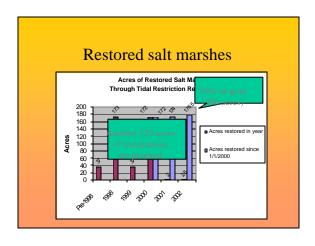












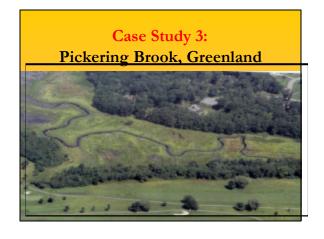


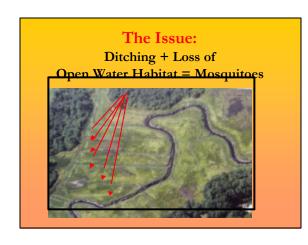














NH Salt Marsh Restoration Status

31 Tidal Restrictions Identified by NRCS

- 16 have been eliminated Restoring 450+ acres of marsh
- 7 are probably permanent
- 3 are doable but difficult
- · 6 are in planning or progress

Other Projects Involve : Ditch Plugging & Open Water Habitat Creation, Fill Removal, Invasive Species Remediation, and Mosquito Control

16 projects restoring about 118 acres of marsh

Additional Saltmarsh Restoration Projects In Planning Or Underway

- Bass Beach, Rye 5.6 acres
- Brown's River, Seabrook 42 acres
- Fairhill Marsh, Rye
- Meadow Pond Phragmites Control
- New Castle, various sites 10.9 acres
- · Odiorne Boat Launch 1 acre

It is possible and within our reach to restore all the restorable marshes in New Hampshire.

Other Projects & Studies

- Coastal Freshwater Wetland Mitigation Inventory – 19 Communities
- Coastal Wetland Design & Engineering Agreement
- Tidal Wetland Habitat Inventory & Photoanalysis of Degraded Coastal Wetlands
- Saltmarsh Monitoring

Saltmarsh Monitoring in NH

GPAC Protocols require preand post-restoration monitoring for the following parameters:

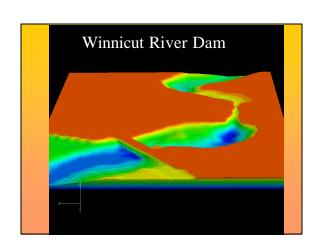
- Root zone salinity & Groundwater
- Vegetative Communities
- Fish Assemblages
- Bird Usage
- Other Water Quality Parameters

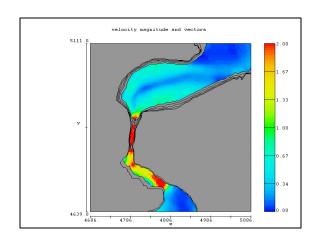
Marsh Monitors – Over 50 volunteers in partnership with Ducks Unlimited – YOU CAN BE A MARSH MONITOR, TOO!



River Restoration

- Winnicut River Dam Removal Feasibility Study
- Cocheco River Projects
- Other fish passage projects





Thank You!

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